CERTIFICATION

2018 JUN 20 AM 8: 47

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

	RICT, INC.
Public Water Supply	Name
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Sy	estams included in this CCD
·	
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Communiconsumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depaystem, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published sustomers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures the email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check a	pending on the population served by the public water in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or all boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attack	
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach cop	by of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill)	
☐ Email message (MUST Email the messa	age to the address below)
☐ Other	
Date(s) customers were informed:/ /,/	/
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other dimethods used	rect delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
** Date Mailed/Distributed: 6 / 15/2018	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy	y) Date Emailed: / /
☐ As a URL (Provide URL)
☐ As an attachment	
☐ As text within the body of the email me	ssage
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of pub	
Name of Newspaper:	
Date Published:/	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the	following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
CERTIFICATION hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been of the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methormation included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	the water quality monitoring data provided to the public
Submission options (Select one	e method ONLY)
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
Jackson, 1913 37213	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2017 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

YOKENA-JEFF DAVIS WATER DISTRICT, INC. PWS ID: 0750011 JUNE 2018

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

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IS MY WATER SAFE?

Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state drinking water health standards. Yokena-Jeff Davis Water District, Inc. vigilantly safeguards its water supply and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard.

DO I NEED TO TAKE SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

WHERE DOES MY WATER COME FROM?

Yokena-Jeff Davis Water District, Inc. purchases all of its water from the City of Vicksburg. The City of Vicksburg is a groundwater system whose water source is the Mississippi River Alluvial

Source water assessment and its availability

A copy of the source water assessment can be found online at: http://landandwater.deq.ms.gov/swap/reports/report.aspx?id=0750010 or at ESG Operations, Inc. 601 Haining Rd. Vicksburg, MS 39183

Level 1 Assessment

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system. Coliforms are bacteria that are NATURALLY PRESENT in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter drinking water distribution system. We found coliform indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessments to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments. During the past year we were required to conduct I Level I assessment. I Level I Assessment was completed. In addition, we were required to take 0 corrective actions.

HOW CAN I GET INVOLVED? Yokena-Jeff Davis Water District, Inc. would like to encourage everyone to attend the Annual Meeting which is held the second Monday in March. This will give customers the opportunity to ask questions and see what is taking place in our district.

WATER QUALITY DATA TABLE

The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently.

2016	0.0187					
2016	0.0197			1	-	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries;
	0.0167	NO RANGE	ppm	N/A	2 ppm	Erosion of natural deposits
2016	3.5	NO	ppb	N/A	100 ppb	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
2016	0.75	NO RANGE	ppm	N/A	4 ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
		2010	2016 RANGE RANGE NO	RANGE	2016 0.75 NO ppm N/A	2016 RANGE ppb 1,71 ppb 2016 0.75 NO ppm N/A 4 ppm

CONTAMINANTS	RANGE	MCLG	AL	YOUR WATER	SAMPLE YEAR	VIOLATIONS	TYPICAL SOURCE
							· ·
DISINFECTION BYPRODUCTS							
TTHMs(Total Trihalomethanes) (ppb)	34.3-78.1	N/A	80	75 ppb	2017	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	10 24	N/A	60	22ppb	2017	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Chlorine (mg/L)	.74 MG/L to 4 MG/L	4		1.4 MG/L	2017	0	Water additive used to control microbes

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Yokena-Jeff Davis Water District, Inc. is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead*. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$20 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", CITY OF VICKSBURG is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 10. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 83%.

	UNIT DESCRIPTIONS
Term	Definition
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
ppb	oph: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/L)
positive samples/month	positive samples/month: Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive
NΛ	NA: not applicable
ND	ND: not detected
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended
-1100	IMPORTANT DRINKING WATER DEFINITIONS
Term	Definition Definition
MCLG	Definition MCLG: Maximum contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety
MCI,	MCLG Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in a mixing water of the MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
AL	Al.: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. Al.: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. Al.: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. Al.: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. Al.: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

For more information please contact: Robert Greer, President - Yokena-Jeff Davis Water District, Inc.; 4865 Jeff Davis Road; Vicksburg, MS 39180; Phone: (601) 634-0076.